

# Design and Technology Subject Policy

Four Swannes Primary School

## Aims and Objectives.

Design and Technology prepares children to take part in the development of tomorrow's rapidly changing world. Creative thinking encourages children to make positive changes to their quality of life. The subject encourages children to become autonomous and creative problem-solvers, both as individuals and as part of a team. It enables them to identify needs and opportunities and to respond by developing ideas and eventually making products and systems.

Through the study of design and technology they combine practical skills with an understanding of aesthetic, social and environmental issues, as well as functions and industrial practices. This allows them to reflect on and evaluate present and past design and technology, its uses, and its impacts. Design and technology helps all children to become discriminating and informed consumers and potential innovators.

# The aims of design and technology are:

- 1. To develop imaginative thinking in children and to enable them to talk about what they like and dislike when designing and making.
- 2. To enable children to talk about how things work, and to draw and model their ideas.
- 3. To encourage children to select appropriate tools and techniques for making a product, whilst following safe procedures.
- 4. To explore attitudes towards the made world and how we live and work within it.
- 5. To develop an understanding of technological processes, products, and their manufacture, and their contribution to our society.
- 6. To foster enjoyment, satisfaction, and purpose in designing and making.

## Teaching and Learning Style

Four Swannes uses a variety of teaching and learning styles in design and technology lessons. The principal aim is to develop children's knowledge, skills and understanding in design and technology. Teachers ensure that the children apply their knowledge and understanding when developing ideas, planning, and making products and then evaluating them. We do this through a mixture of whole class teaching and individual/group activities. Within lessons, we give children the opportunity both to work on their own and to collaborate with others, listening to other children's ideas and treating these with respect. Children critically evaluate existing products, their own work and that of others. They can use a wide range of materials and resources including ICT.



In all classes there are children of differing ability. We recognise this fact and provide suitable learning opportunities for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability of the child. We achieve this through a range of strategies, such as:

- -setting common tasks that are open-ended and can have a variety of results.
- -setting tasks of increasing difficulty where not all children complete all tasks.
- -grouping children by ability and setting different tasks for each group.
- -providing a range of challenges through the provision of different resources.
- -using additional adults to support individual children or small groups.

## Design and Technology Curriculum Planning

Design and technology is a foundation subject in the National Curriculum. Four Swannes will use the national scheme of work as the basis for its curriculum planning in design and technology. We have adapted the national scheme to the local circumstances of our school in that we use the local environment and our topic plan as the starting point for certain aspects of our work.

We carry out the curriculum planning in design and technology in three phases: long-term, medium term, and short-term. The log-term planning maps out the units covered in each term during the key stage.

Our medium-term plans give details of each unit of work for each term. They identify learning objectives and outcomes for each unit and ensure an appropriate balance and distribution of work across each term. Where possible, units will be allocated to classes to align with topics they're learning in other areas, to provide cross curricular links.

Class teachers plan for individual design and technology sessions as part of weekly planning. The weekly plan lists the specific learning objectives for each lesson and detail how the lessons are to be taught. The class teacher keeps these individual plans, and the class teacher and subject leader may discuss them, as needed, on a formal basis.

We plan the activities in design and technology so that they build upon the prior learning of the children. We give children of all abilities the opportunity to develop their skills, knowledge and understanding and we also build planned progression into the scheme of work, so that the children are increasingly challenged as they move through the school. This is also reflected by the criteria used to assess the children each year, where there is clear progression of skills, building upon prior knowledge learning and developing the children's understanding of the subject as time goes on.

## **EYFS**

We encourage the development of skills, knowledge and understanding that help Reception and Nursery children make sense of their world as an integral part of the school's work. As these classes form the Foundation Stage of the National Curriculum, we relate the development of the children's knowledge and understanding of the world to the objectives set out in the Early Leaning Goals. These underpin the curriculum planning for children aged three to five. This learning forms the foundations for later work in design and technology. These early experiences include asking questions about how



things work, investigating and using a variety of construction kits, materials, tools and products, developing making skills and handling appropriate tools and construction material safely and with increasing control.

We provide a range of experiences that encourage exploration, observation, problem solving, critical thinking and discussion. These activities, indoors and outdoors, attract the children's interest and curiosity.

## Contribution of design and technology to teaching in other curriculum areas English

Design and technology contribute to the teaching of English in our school by providing valuable opportunities to reinforce what the children have been doing during their English lessons. The evaluation of products requires children to articulate their ideas and to compare their views with those of other people. Through discussion children learn to justify their own views and clarify their design ideas.

## IT (Computing)

We use IT to support design and technology teaching when appropriate. Children use software to enhance their skill in designing and making and use draw-and-paint programs to model ideas. They use databases to provide a range of information sources and CD-ROMs to gain access to images of people and environments. The children also use IT to collect information and to present their designs through draw-and-paint programs, where appropriate/possible.

## Personal, social and health education (PSHE)

Design and technology contribute to the teaching of personal, social and health education and citizenship. We encourage the children to develop a sense of responsibility in following safe procedures when making things. They also learn about health and healthy diets. Their work encourages them to be their understanding of personal hygiene, how to prevent disease from spreading when working with food.

## Spiritual, moral, social and cultural development

The teaching of design and technology offers opportunities to support the social development of our children through the way we expect them to work with each other in lessons. Our groupings allow children to work together and give them the chance to discuss their ideas and feelings about their own work and the work of others. Through their collaborative and cooperative work across a range of activities and experiences in design and technology, the children develop respect for the abilities of other children and a better understanding of themselves. They also develop a respect for the environment, for their own health and safety and for that of others. They develop their cultural awareness and understanding, and they learn to appreciate the value of differences and similarities. A variety of experiences teaches them to appreciate that all people are equally important, and that the needs of individuals are not the same as the needs of groups.

## <u>Teaching design and technology to children with special educational needs.</u>

At Four Swannes, we teach design and technology to all children, whatever their ability. Design and technology forms part of the school curriculum policy to provide a broad and balanced education to all children. Through our design and technology teaching we provide learning opportunities that enable all pupils to make progress. We do this by setting suitable learning challenges and responding



to each child's different needs. Assessment against the National Curriculum allows us to consider each child's attainment and progress against expected levels.

When progress falls significantly outside the expected range, the child may have special educational needs. Our assessment process looks at a range of factors – classroom organisation, teaching materials, teaching style, differentiation – so that we can take some additional or different action to enable the child to learn more effectively. This ensures that out teaching is matched to the child's needs.

We enable pupils to access to the full range of activities involved in learning design and technology. Where children are to participate in activities outside the classroom, for example, a museum or factory trip, we carry out a risk assessment prior to the activity, to ensure that the activity is safe and appropriate for all pupils.

## Assessment and recording

Teachers assess children's work in design and technology by making assessments as they observe them working during lessons. They record the progress that children make by assessing the children's work against the learning objectives for their lessons. At the end of a DT unit (usually at a half/end of term), teachers will check the assessment criteria by marking those covered in red, amber or green, depending on the child's level of understanding. Teachers then use the levels that they record to plan in the future work of each child and to make ongoing assessments of progress for each child. Each teacher passes this information onto the next teacher at the end of each year.

#### Resources

Four Swannes keeps a small number of resources in school, which can be found in the storage facility next to the school hall/ the art cupboard located in Year 3. Teachers are asked to check both locations at the start of a new topic to ensure they have everything they need. Additional resources may be ordered through the school's business manager, Lisa O'Connor. Any specialist equipment needed should be available in one of these locations (e.g., needles for sewing). Cookery equipment is stored in the hall/PE cupboard.

## **Health and safety**

The general teaching requirement for health and safety applies in this subject. We teach children how to follow proper procedures for food safety and hygiene.

#### Monitoring and review

The monitoring of the standards of children's work and of the quality of teaching in design and technology is the responsibility of the design and technology subject leader. The work of the subject leader also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of deign and technology, being informed about current developments in the subject, and proving a strategic lead and direction for the subject in the school. The design and technology subject leader gives the headteacher an annual report in which they evaluate the strengths and weaknesses in the subject and indicates areas for further improvement.

Policy written October 2022 (CS)

Reviewed in 2023 (DU)



Next Review Date: September 2024