

Early Years Outcomes Age: 22 to 36 months - Typical Behaviour		Name of Child: Date of Birth:	
Communication and language	Physical development	Personal, social and emotional development	
Listening and attention • Listens with interest to the noises adults make when they read stories. • Recognises and responds to many familiar sounds e.g. turning to a knock on the door, looking at or going to the door • Shows interest in play with sounds, songs and rhymes. • Single channelled attention. Can shift to a different task if attention fully obtained-using child's name helps focus. Understanding • Identifies action words by pointing to the right picture e.g. 'Who's jumping?' • Understands more complex sentences, e.g. 'Put your toys away then we'll read a book.' • Understands 'who', 'what', 'where' in simple questions (e.g. who's that? What's that? Where is?). • Developing understanding of simple concepts (e.g. big/little). Speaking • Uses language as a powerful means of widening contacts, sharing feelings, experiences and thoughts. • Holds a conversation jumping from topic to topic. • Learns new words very rapidly and is able to use them in communicating. • Uses gestures, sometimes with limited talk, e.g. reaches towards toy, saying 'I have it'. Uses a variety of questions (eg: what, where, who). • Uses simple sentences (e.g. Mummy gonna work). • Beginning to use word endings (e.g. going, cats).	Moving and handling • Runs safely on whole foot. • Squats with steadiness to rest or play with object on the ground, and rises to feet without using hands. • Climbs confidently and is beginning to pull themselves up on nursery play climbing equipment. • Can kick a large ball. • Turns pages in a book, sometimes several at once. • Shows control in holding and using jugs to pour, hammers, books and mark-making tools. • Beginning to use three fingers (tripod grip) to hold writing tools. • Imitates drawing simple shapes such as circles and lines. • Walks upstairs or downstairs holding onto a rail two feet to a step. • May be beginning to show preference for dominant hand. Health and self-care • Feeds self competently with spoon. • Drinks well without spilling. • Clearly communicates their need for potty or toilet. • Beginning to recognise danger and seeks support of significant adults for help. • Helps with clothing, e.g. puts on hat, unzips zipper on jacket, takes off unbuttoned shirt. • Beginning to be independent in self-care, but still often needs adult support.	Self-confidence and self-awareness • Separates from main carer with support and encouragement from a familiar adult. • Expresses own preferences and interests. Managing feelings and behaviour • Seeks comfort from familiar adults when needed. • Can express their own feelings such as sad, happy, cross, scared, worried. • Responds to the feelings and wishes of others. • Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others. • Tries to help or give comfort when others are distressed. • Shows understanding and cooperates with some boundaries and routines. • Can inhibit own actions/behaviours, e.g. stop themselves from doing something they shouldn't do. • Growing ability to distract self when upset, e.g. by engaging in a new play activity. Making Relationships • Interested in others' play and starting to join in. • Seeks out others to share experiences. • Shows affection and concern for people who are special to them. • May form a special friendship with another child.	

Assessment Points over one year and date	Entry 	1 st Review / Term 1	2 nd Review / Term 2	3 rd Review / Term 3
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Literacy	Mathematics	Understanding the world	Expressive arts and design
Reading - Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, poems or jingles. - Repeats words or phrases from familiar stories. - Fills in the missing word or phrase in a known rhyme, story or game, e.g. 'Humpty Dumpty sat on a ...' Writing - Distinguishes between the different marks they make.	Numbers - Selects a small number of objects from a group when asked, for example, 'please give me one', 'please give me two'. - Recites some number names in sequence. - Creates and experiments with symbols and marks representing ideas of number. - Begins to make comparisons between quantities. - Uses some language of quantities, such as 'more' and 'a lot'. - Knows that a group of things changes in quantity when something is added or taken away. Shape, space and measure - Notices simple shapes and patterns in pictures. - Beginning to categorise objects according to properties such as shape or size. - Begins to use the language of size. - Understands some talk about immediate past and future, e.g. 'before', 'later' or 'soon'. - Anticipates specific time-based events such as mealtimes or home time	People and communities - Has a sense of own immediate family and relations. - In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background, e.g. making and drinking tea. - Beginning to have their own friends. - Learns that they have similarities and differences that connect them to, and distinguish them from, others. The world - Enjoys playing with small-world models such as a farm, a garage, or a train track. - Notices detailed features of objects in their environment. Technology - Seeks to acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some ICT equipment. - Operates mechanical toys, e.g. turns the knob on a wind-up toy or pulls back on a friction car.	Exploring and using media and materials - Joins in singing favourite songs. - Creates sounds by banging, shaking, tapping or blowing. - Shows an interest in the way musical instruments sound. - Experiments with blocks, colours and marks. Being imaginative - Beginning to use representation to communicate, e.g. drawing a line and saying 'That's me.' - Beginning to make-believe by pretending.